

**NAME**

diskmap - generates maps of RP06 disk drives as defined in /dev

**SYNOPSIS**

```
diskmap [ -i ]
```

**DESCRIPTION**

**Diskmap** is a shell command file that executes an `ls -l /dev` or an `ls -li /dev` command and passes the output of that `ls` command to a C program called **diskmapper** for sorting and output. A file called **hmap.c** defines the relationship between entries in the /dev directory and the physical areas on the RP06 disk drives. When **diskmapper.c** is compiled, an up-to-date copy of **hmap.c** must reside in the same directory with **diskmapper.c**.

A new output page is started for each RP06 drive. The output includes the cylinder numbers and the number of blocks associated with each file system. If the `-i` option is included, the inode numbers will appear at the beginning of the output lines.

**FILES**

/usr/bin/diskmapper

**BUGS**

If **diskmap** is invoked with the `-i` option, more than 80 columns are required for the output and an appropriate output device should be used.